

Patients  
Health Care  
Hospital  
Physician  
Clinical Research  
Service Providers

Health Care  
Doctor  
Hospital  
Pharmacist  
Nurse  
Dentist  
First Aid  
Surgeon  
Emergency

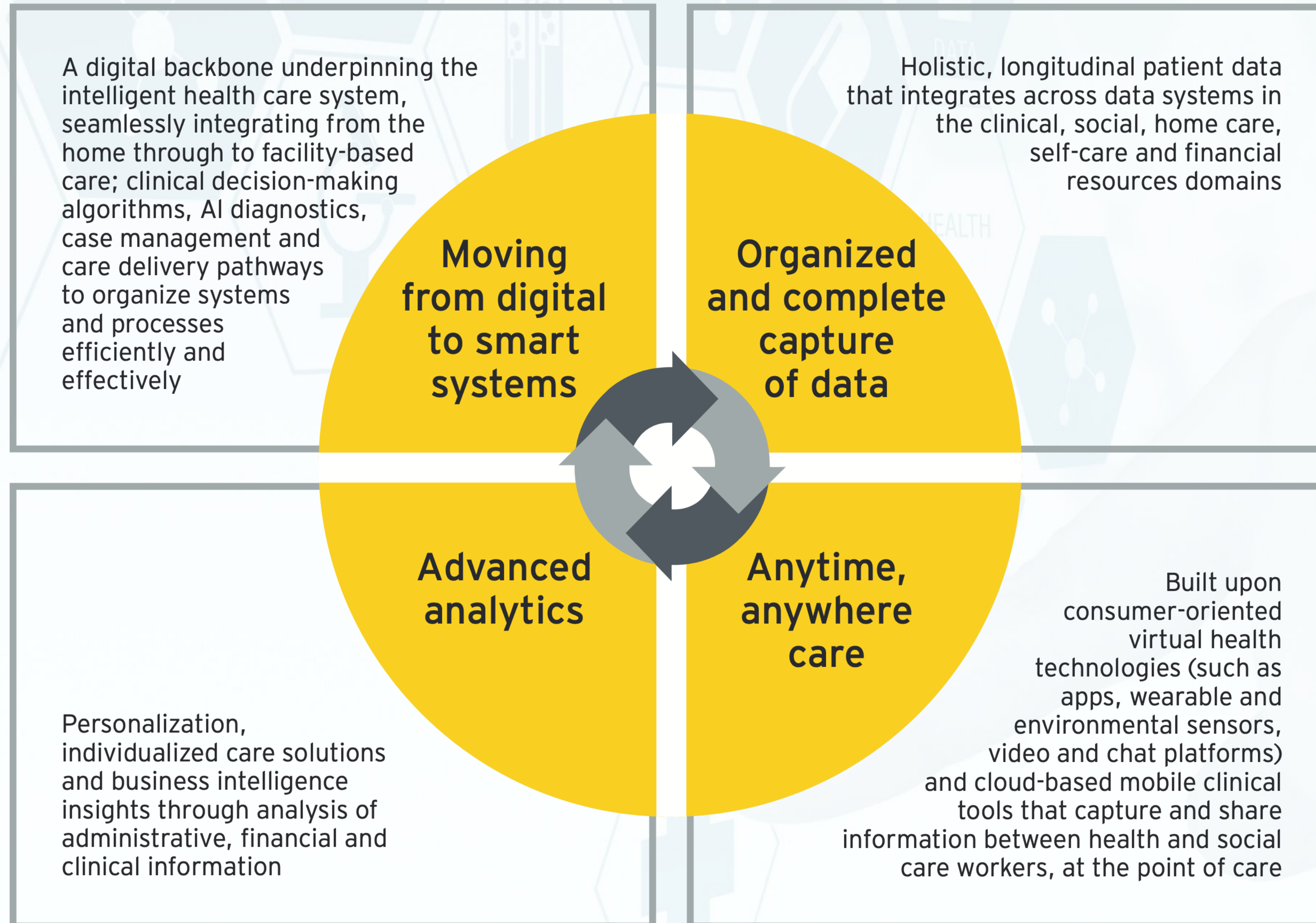
HEALTH

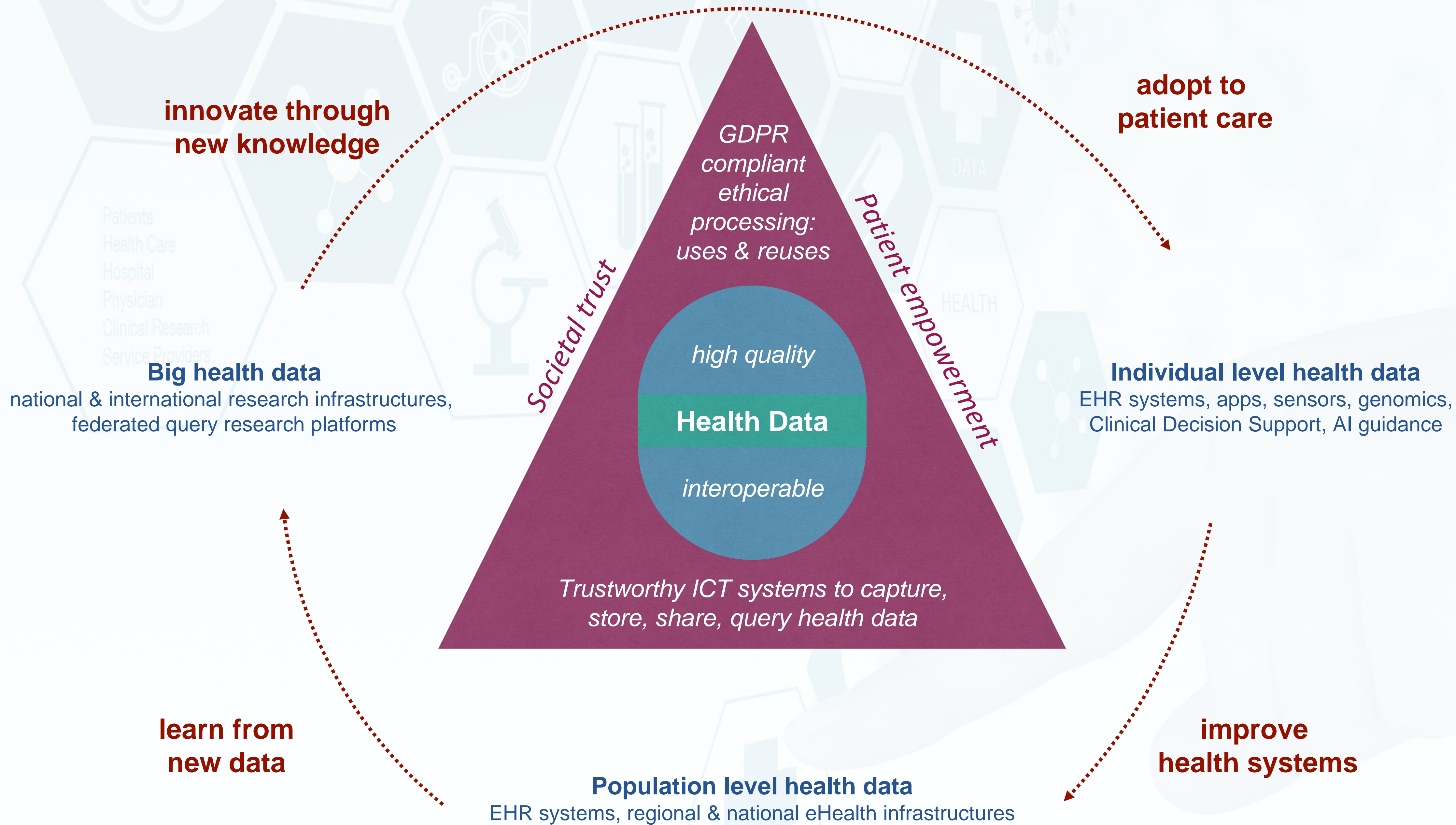
How Space can contribute to  
disruption and innovation in the  
health ecosystem  
**What disruptions do we need?**

**Prof Dipak Kalra**  
**President of i~HD**



# The new data-enabled ecosystem







# The spectrum of data use: from care to research

## Individual level health data

EHR systems, apps, sensors,  
genomics,  
Clinical Decision Support, AI

### Used for:

- Health status monitoring
- Continuity of care (including the patient and caregivers)
- Care pathway tracking, clinical workflow management
- Real-time feedback and guidance to patients and clinicians
- Personalised medicine
- Disease interception, prevention and wellness
- Healthcare provider reimbursement

## Population level health data

EHR systems, regional & national  
eHealth infrastructures

### Reused for:

- Healthcare provider performance and planning
- Quality and safety, care pathway optimisation
- Medical device and algorithm refinement
- Pharmacovigilance
- Public health surveillance
- Public health strategy
- Health services and resource planning

## Big health data

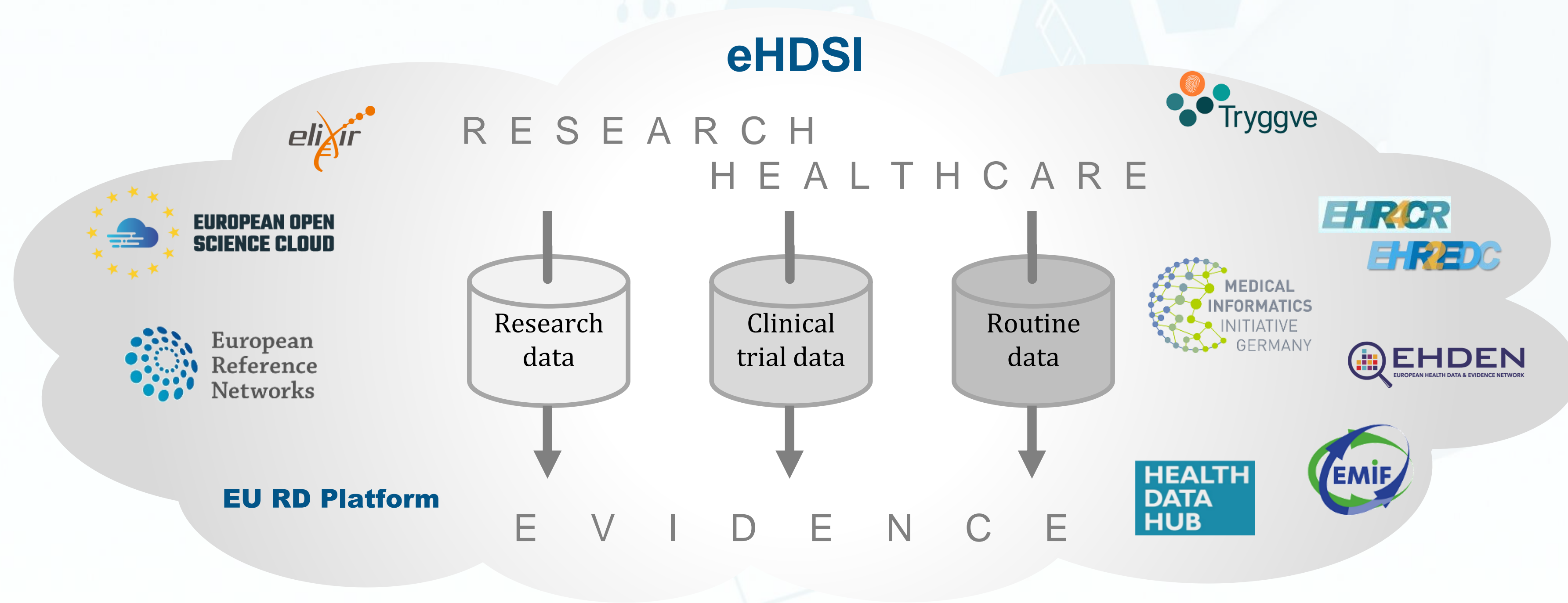
national & international research  
infrastructures,  
federated query platforms  
+ cross-sectoral services

### Reused for:

- Epidemiology
- Digital innovation: devices, sensors, apps
- AI development
- Personalised medicine and bio-marker research
- Diagnostics development
- Drug development
- Disease understanding and stratification

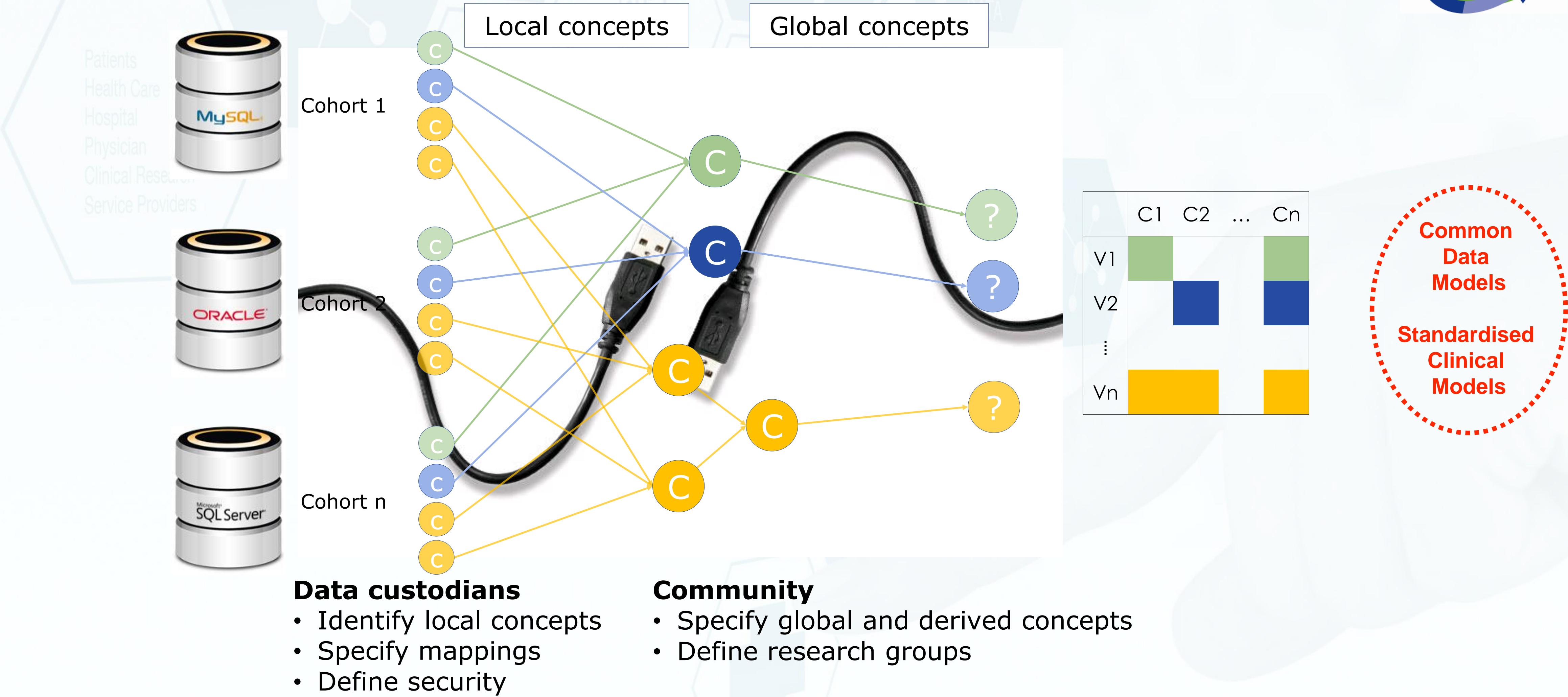
# Big health data sharing initiatives

- Myriad of initiatives to share health data across jurisdictional, institutional and domain borders:
  - Sharing data for cross-border care, e.g. eHDSI, ERN
  - Sharing data for research, e.g. EH DEN, French Health Data Hub, German MI Initiative
- Emerging paradigm for analysing personally-identifiable health data:
  - federated infrastructure model: network of repositories with an overarching governance and interoperability layer





# Data harmonisation





Completeness



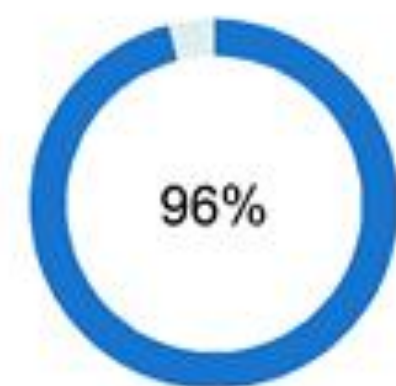
Consistency



Correctness



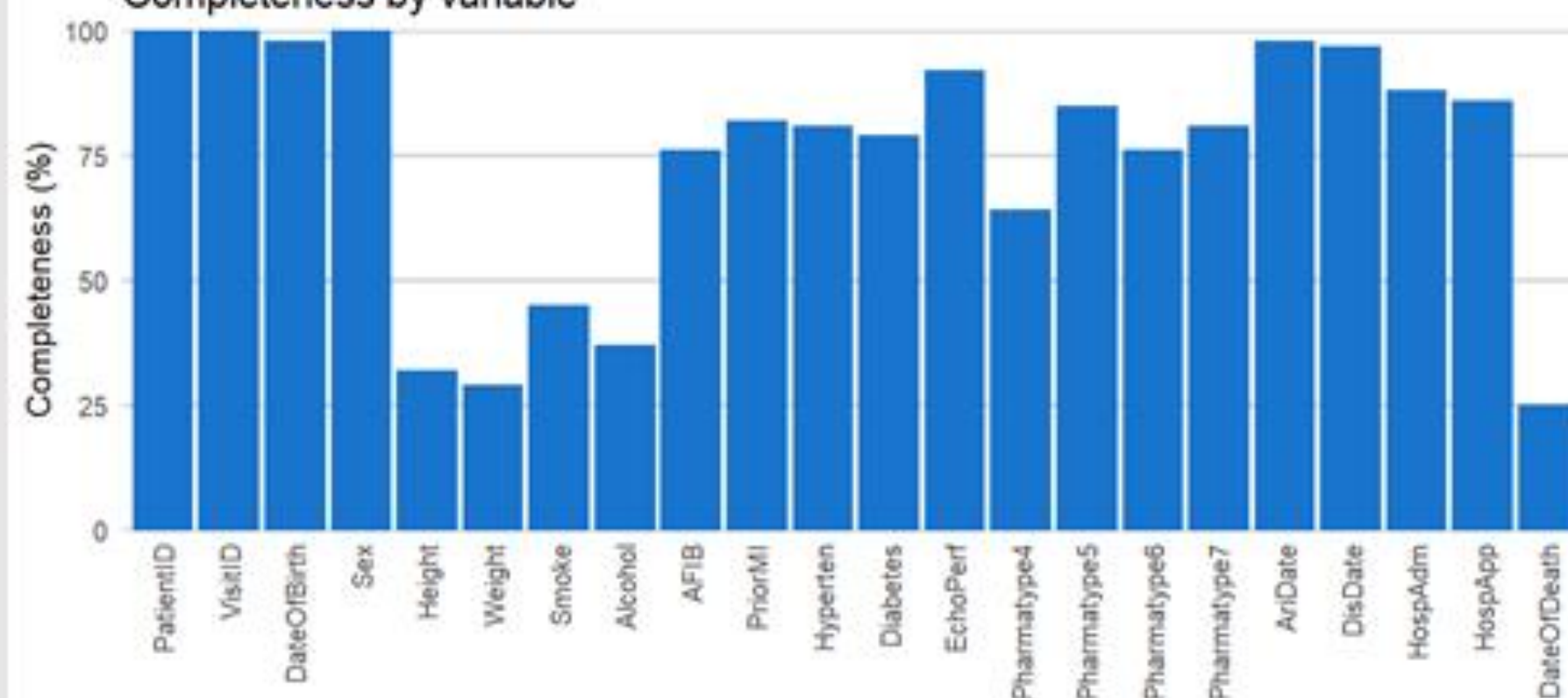
Uniqueness



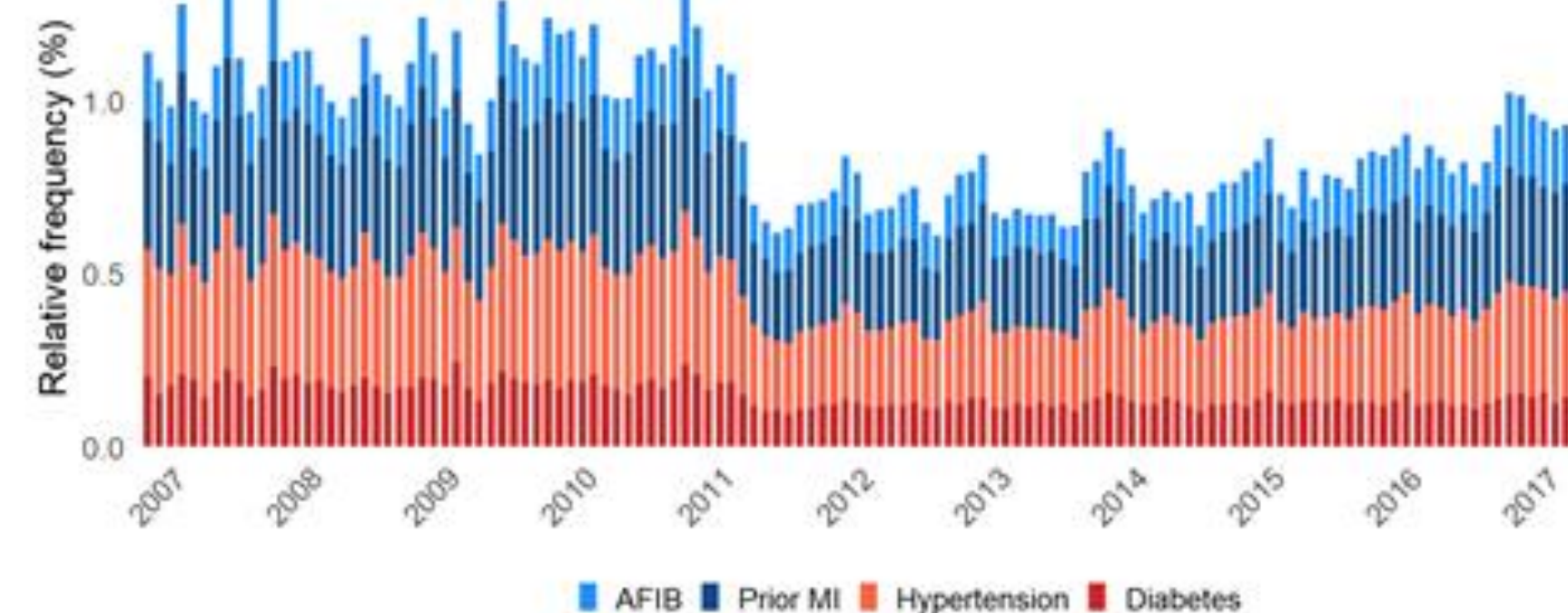
Stability



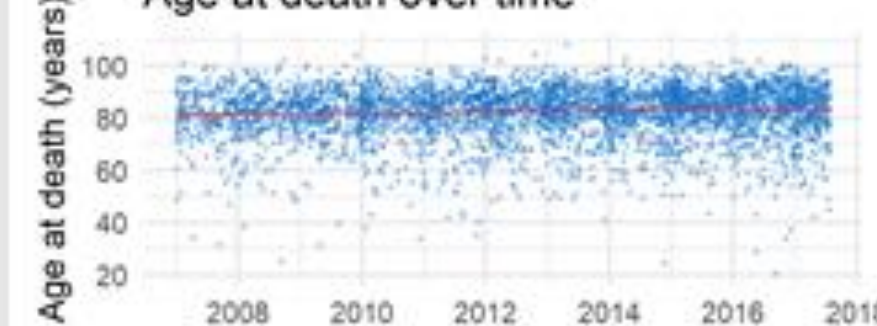
Completeness by variable



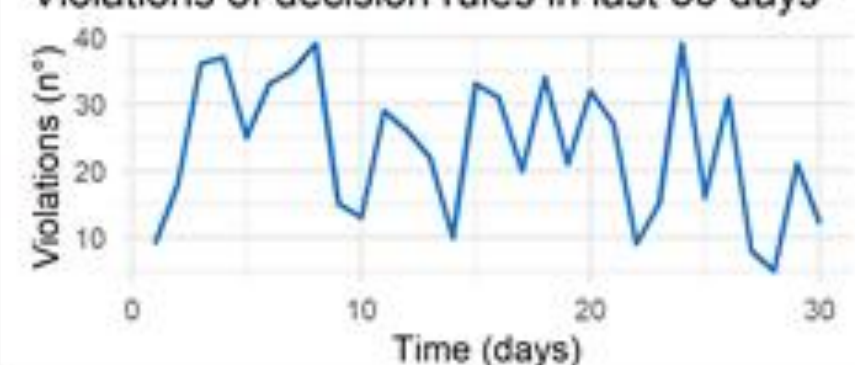
Recorded past medical conditions over time



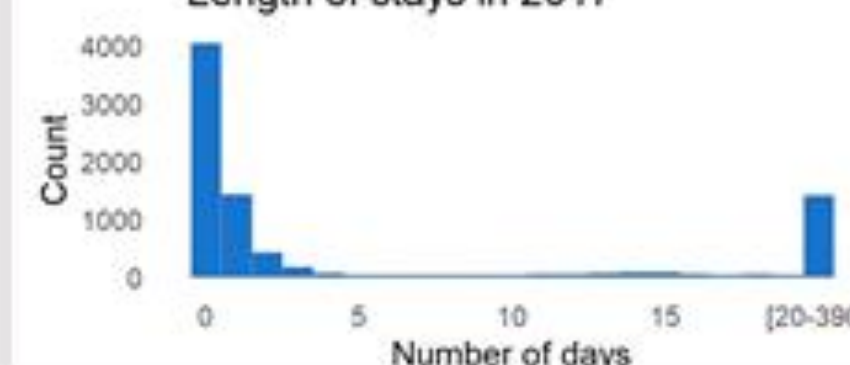
Age at death over time



Violations of decision rules in last 30 days

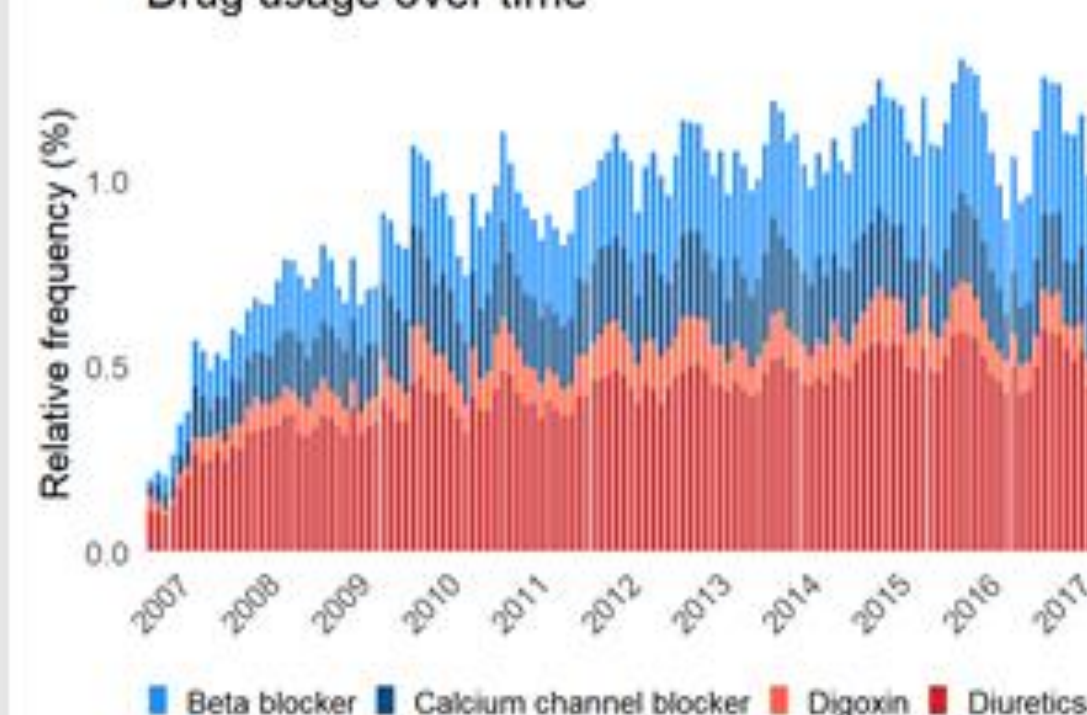


Length of stays in 2017

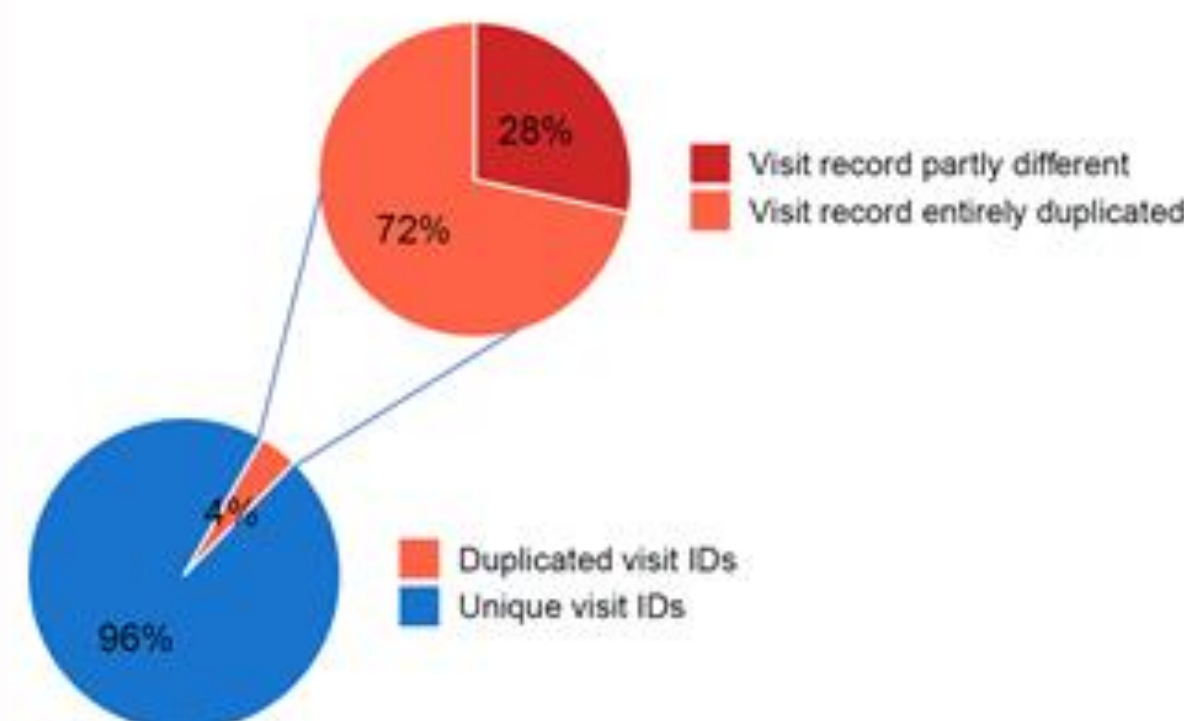


The European Institute  
for Innovation through  
Health Data

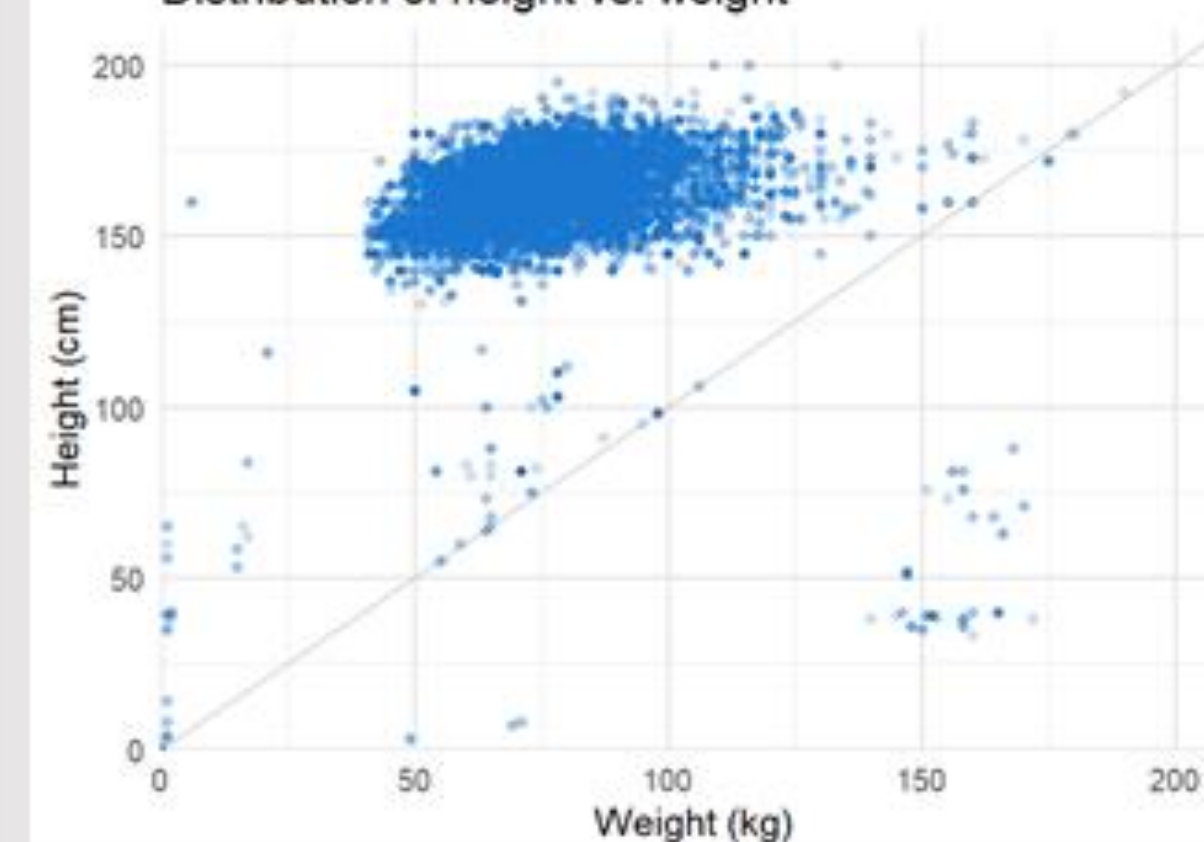
Drug usage over time



Uniqueness of data records



Distribution of height vs. weight





# The challenge with gaining public acceptance of health data reuse

## Individual level health data

EHR systems, apps, sensors, genomics,  
Clinical Decision Support, AI guidance

### Used for:

- Health status monitoring
- Continuity of care (including the patient and caregivers)
- Care pathway tracking, clinical workflow management
- Real-time feedback and guidance to patients and clinicians
- Personalised medicine
- Disease interception, prevention and wellness
- Healthcare provider reimbursement

## Population level health data

EHR systems, regional & national  
eHealth infrastructures

### Reused for:

- Healthcare provider performance and planning
- Quality and safety, care pathway optimisation
- Medical device and algorithm refinement
- Pharmacovigilance
- Public health surveillance
- Public health strategy
- Health services and resource planning

## Big health data

national & international research infrastructures,  
federated query research platforms  
+ cross-sectoral infrastructures & services

### Reused for:

- Epidemiology
- Digital innovation: devices, sensors, apps
- AI development
- Personalised medicine and bio-marker research
- Diagnostics development
- Drug development
- Disease understanding and stratification

Decreasing public understanding of why and how data are used

Increasingly unfamiliar data users

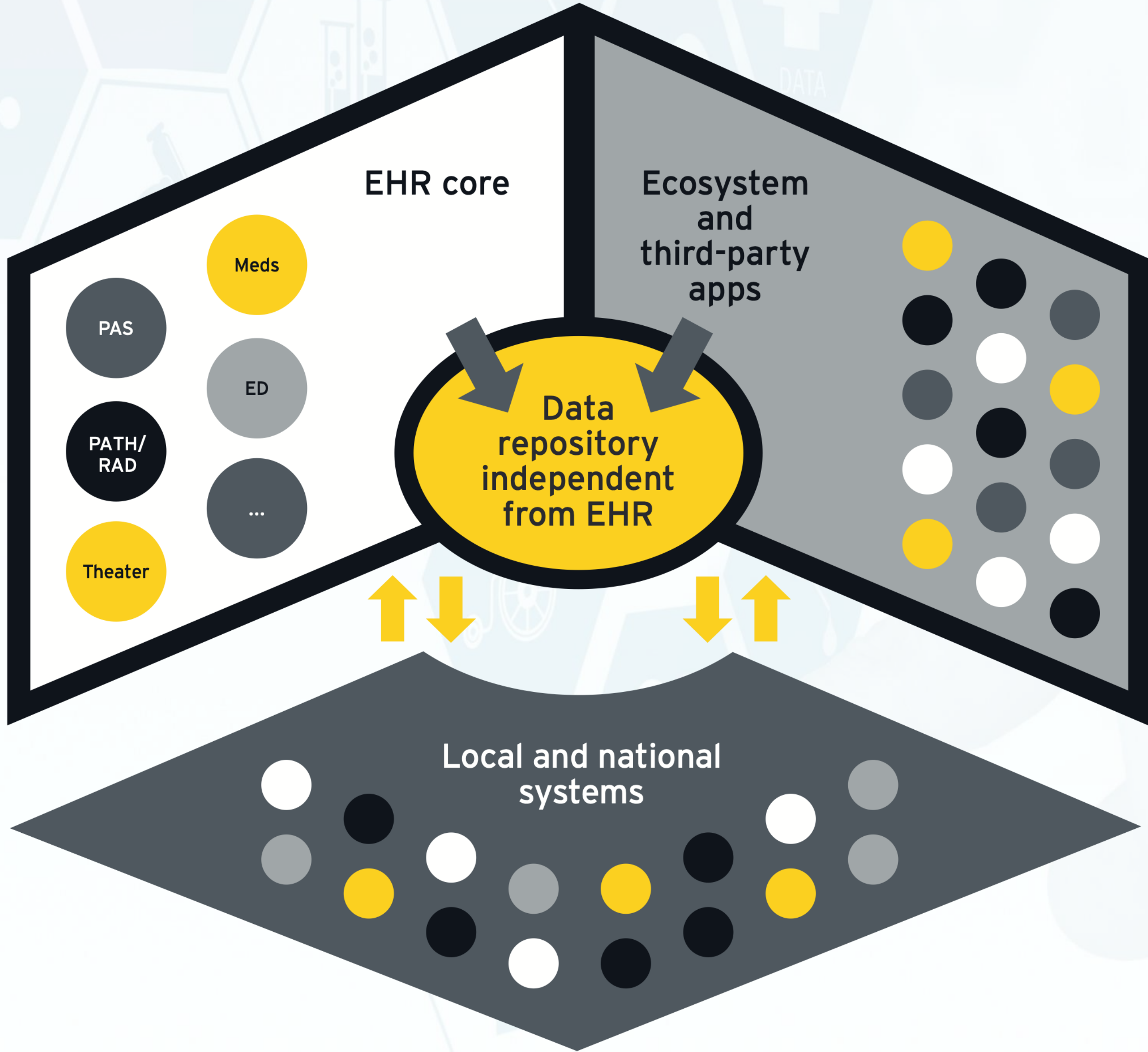
Increasing distance of data results from the patient

Increasing time from data use to demonstrated value

Perceived lessening choice and greater cybersecurity risk = harder to trust



# Open data platforms





# Need to disrupt the value chains

